

California League of Food Processors 2014 Legislative Update Report

Agriculture

[AB 2413](#) ([John A. Pérez D](#)) **The Office of Farm to Fork.**

Status: 9/26/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 583, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 9/26/2014-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would create the Office of Farm to Fork within the Department of Food and Agriculture, and would require the office, to the extent that resources are available, to work with various entities, including, among others, the agricultural industry and other organizations involved in promoting food access, to increase the amount of agricultural products available to underserved communities and schools in the state.

Position

Watch

[AB 2669](#) ([Eggman D](#)) **Milk: stabilization and marketing plans.**

Status: 5/9/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was PRINT on 2/21/2014)

Location: 5/9/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law provides for stabilization and marketing plans pursuant to which the Secretary of Food and Agriculture establishes minimum prices to be paid by handlers to producers for market milk. Current law requires the secretary to take into consideration any relevant economic factors, as prescribed, in establishing those prices for milk. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in those provisions establishing milk prices.

Position

Watch

Air Quality

[SB 691](#) ([Hancock D](#)) **Nonvehicular air pollution control: penalties.**

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/12/2013)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law, commencing January 1, 2014, prohibits a person from discharging from nonvehicular sources air contaminants or other materials that cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance to the public, or that endanger the comfort, repose, health, or safety of the public, or that cause injury or damage to business or property, as specified. This bill would make a person who violates this provision liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000, as specified, if the violation results from a discharge from a stationary source required by federal law to be included in an operating permit program established pursuant to Title V of the federal Clean Air Act, the discharge results in a severe disruption to the community, the discharge contains or includes one or more toxic air contaminants, as specified, and 100 or more people are exposed to the discharge. The bill would prohibit this provision from applying if the violation is caused by unforeseen and unforeseeable criminal acts, acts of war, acts of terrorism, or civil unrest.

Position

Oppose

Energy/Utilities

[AB 1763](#) ([Perea D](#)) **State energy plan for 2030 and 2050.**

Status: 6/27/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. E. U., & C. on 5/28/2014)

Location: 6/27/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, in consultation with the Independent System Operator, other relevant state and local agencies, and interested stakeholders to develop a state energy plan for 2030 and 2050 that promotes economic growth, ensures reliable, sustainable, and affordable energy resources, complements air quality, water quality, climate change, energy efficiency, and renewable energy resource goals, and positions the state as a leader in the United States and the world.

Position
Support

[SB 760](#) (Wright D) California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.

Status: 6/27/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & C. on 1/9/2014)

Location: 6/27/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: The California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program requires a retail seller, as defined, and local publicly owned electric utilities to purchase specified minimum quantities of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources, as defined, for specified compliance periods. This bill would additionally require that the process providing criteria for the rank ordering and selecting of least-cost and best-fit eligible renewable energy resources to comply with the program obligations include procurement of specific types of eligible renewable energy resources necessary to maintain the reliability of the electrical grid to meet electrical demand on a 24-hour basis and consider the attributes of utilizing geothermal and other renewable energy resources, as specified. This bill contains other existing laws.

Position
Watch

[SB 1139](#) (Hueso D) California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was A. THIRD READING on 8/22/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would require, no later than December 31, 2024, each retail seller of electricity to procure a proportionate share, as determined by the Public Utilities Commission, of a statewide total of 500 megawatts of electricity generated by specified baseload geothermal powerplants. The bill would require, no later than January 1, 2016, each retail seller to file with the Public Utilities Commission a plan for complying with the procurement requirement.

Position
Oppose

Environmental Justice

[AB 1330](#) (John A. Pérez D) Environmental justice.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 8/25/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires the California Environmental Protection Agency to identify disadvantaged communities for investment opportunities under the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. This bill would require the Secretary for Environmental Protection to ensure that the unit give priority to enforcement actions for a violation occurring in those disadvantaged communities.

Position
Oppose

[AB 2572](#) (Ting D) Environmental justice: reports.

Status: 5/2/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/13/2014)

Location: 5/2/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires the Secretary for Environmental Protection to, no later than January 1, 2004, and every three years thereafter, prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature a report on the implementation of provisions of law relating to environmental justice. The bill would require the report to identify and evaluate new programs, policies, or activities intended to further promote the achievement of environmental justice.

Position
Watch

Food Safety, Labeling and Nutrition

[AB 2361](#) (Jones R) Proposition 65: enforcement.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was A. E.S. & T.M. on 4/1/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would impose requirements with regard to a person filing an enforcement action in the public interest upon a person for a violation of the requirement to provide a warning for any exposure to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, if the person employs fewer than 25 employees. The bill would prohibit an enforcement action against the alleged violator, and the recovery of certain payments or reimbursements, if, within 14 days after service of the notice, the alleged violator corrects the alleged violation, agrees to pay a civil penalty in the amount of \$500, and notifies the person bringing the action that the violation has been corrected.

Position

Support

[SB 1000](#) (Monning D) Public health: sugar-sweetened beverages: safety warnings.

Status: 6/27/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. HEALTH on 6/17/2014)

Location: 6/27/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would establish the Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Safety Warning Act, which would prohibit a person from distributing, selling, or offering for sale a sugar-sweetened beverage in a sealed beverage container, or a multipack of sugar-sweetened beverages, in this state unless the beverage container or multipack bears a specified safety warning, as prescribed. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Oppose

[SB 1040](#) (Evans D) Food labeling: genetically engineered food.

Status: 6/27/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. AGRI. on 6/23/2014)

Location: 6/27/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would prescribe labeling requirements for a raw agricultural commodity that is genetically engineered and packaged foods, as defined, containing some products of genetic engineering. The bill would impose these labeling requirements on manufacturers and retailers, as defined, of the commodities and foods. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Oppose

[SB 1381](#) (Evans D) Food labeling: genetically engineered food.

Status: 5/30/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(11). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 5/23/2014)

Location: 5/30/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would prescribe labeling requirements for a raw agricultural commodity that is genetically engineered and packaged foods, as defined, containing some products of genetic engineering. The bill would impose these labeling requirements on manufacturers and retailers, as defined, of the commodities and foods. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Oppose

Global Warming Solutions Act/AB 32

[AB 69](#) (Perea D) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: market-based compliance mechanisms: exemption.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. RLS. on 7/3/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 authorizes the State Air Resources Board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. Current state board regulations require specified entities to comply with a market-based compliance mechanism beginning January 1, 2013, and require additional specified entities to comply with that market-based compliance mechanism beginning January 1, 2015. This bill instead would exempt categories of persons or entities that did not have a compliance obligation, as defined, under a market-based compliance mechanism beginning January 1, 2013, from being subject to that market-based compliance mechanism beginning January 1, 2015, and until December 31, 2017.

Position

Watch

[AB 1368](#) (Patterson R) Self-generation incentive program.

Status: 1/24/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(2). (Last location was PRINT on 2/22/2013)

Location: 1/24/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Under current law, the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, as defined. Current law requires the PUC, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to administer, until January 1, 2016, a self-generation incentive program for distributed generation resources and to separately administer solar technologies pursuant to the California Solar Initiative. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this requirement.

Position
Watch

AB 1447 (Waldron R) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: traffic synchronization.

Status: 9/26/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 594, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 9/26/2014-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would authorize moneys in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be allocated, as specified, for an investment in a traffic signal synchronization component that is part of a sustainable infrastructure project if the component is designed and implemented to achieve cost-effective reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and includes specific emissions-reductions targets and metrics to evaluate the project's effect.

Position
Oppose

AB 1970 (Gordon D) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Community Investment and Innovation Program.

Status: 5/23/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/23/2014)

Location: 5/23/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would create the Community Investment and Innovation Program and would require moneys to be available from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for purposes of awarding grants and other financial assistance to eligible applicants, as defined, who submit plans to develop and implement integrated community-level greenhouse gas emissions reduction projects in their region. The bill would require the Strategic Growth Council, in consultation with the state board, to administer the program, as specified.

Position
Oppose

AB 2050 (Quirk D) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: scoping plan.

Status: 8/15/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(14). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/14/2014)

Location: 8/15/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to prepare and approve a scoping plan for achieving the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions in greenhouse gas emissions. The act requires the scoping plan to be updated at least once every 5 years. This bill would require, for purposes of advising the update of the next scoping plan, the state board to develop specified information by January 1, 2016. The bill would require the state board, on or before January 1, 2016, to submit a report to the appropriate committees of the Legislature on the specified information.

Position
Support if
amended

AB 2083 (Gaines, Beth R) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: offsets.

Status: 5/2/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 4/8/2014)

Location: 5/2/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 authorizes the State Air Resources Board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. This bill, if the state board uses its authority to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms, would require the state board to allow a regulated entity to use offsets to meet its compliance obligation regardless of the geographic location of the offset.

Position
Support

AB 2348 (Stone D) Natural Resources Climate Improvement Program.

Status: 5/23/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/23/2014)

Location: 5/23/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would establish the Natural Resources Climate Improvement Program, which would be administered by the Natural Resources Agency , in coordination with the state board , to assist in the development and implementation of natural resources projects selected by state conservancies and the Wildlife Conservation Board that maximize greenhouse gas emission reductions or sequestration. This bill would authorize moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to implement the Natural Resources Climate Improvement Program.

Position

Oppose

SB 1122 (Pavley D) Sustainable communities: Strategic Growth Council.

Status: 5/23/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/23/2014)

Location: 5/23/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law authorizes moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be allocated for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions in this state through specified investments, including funding to reduce greenhouse gas emissions through strategic planning and development of sustainable infrastructure projects. This bill would additionally authorize the council to manage and award financial assistance for the purpose of supporting the implementation of sustainable communities strategies or alternative planning strategies, to be funded from moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature. The bill would require the council to adopt guidelines for the use of the funds by recipients.

Position

Oppose

SB 1125 (Pavley D) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: emissions reduction.

Status: 5/23/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/23/2014)

Location: 5/23/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would require the State Air Resources Board, on or before January 1, 2016, and in consultation with specified entities, to develop quantitative, advisory reduction targets for greenhouse gas emissions and short-lived climate pollutants, as defined, for 2030 in order to inform future legislative action. The bill would require the state board to report to the Legislature on those targets. The bill, on January 1, 2020, would declare inoperative the requirement that the state board report to the Legislature.

Position

Watch

SB 1156 (Steinberg D) California Carbon Tax Law of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. G. & F. on 3/6/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would require the State Board of Equalization to administer and implement the carbon tax, and would require revenues from the tax to be deposited in the Carbon Tax Revenue Special Fund in the State Treasury. The bill would exempt suppliers of fossil fuels subject to the tax from regulations imposed by the State Air Resources Board under the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 relative to the compliance obligation in the second compliance period under which suppliers of specified fuels are required to obtain allowances for carbon-dioxide-equivalent emissions under the cap-and-trade program adopted by the State Air Resources Board.

Position

Watch

SB 1268 (Beall D) Natural Resources Climate Improvement Program.

Status: 5/23/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/23/2014)

Location: 5/23/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would establish the Natural Resources Climate Improvement Program, which would be administered by the State Air Resources Board, in coordination with the Natural Resources Agency, to assist in the development and implementation of highly leveraged, regionally integrated natural resources projects that maximize greenhouse gas emissions reductions or sequestration. The bill would authorize moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to the state board to implement the Natural Resources Climate Improvement Program.

Position

Oppose

[AB 326](#) (Morrell R) Occupational safety and health: reporting requirements.**Status:** 7/8/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 91, Statutes of 2014.**Location:** 7/8/2014-A. CHAPTERED**Summary:** Current law requires an employer to make an immediate report by telephone or telegraph of every case involving an employee's serious injury or illness or death to the Division of Occupational Safety and Health. This bill would require every employer to make an immediate report by telephone or email of every case involving an employee's serious injury or illness or death to the division.**Position**

TBD

[AB 1522](#) (Gonzalez D) Employment: paid sick days.**Status:** 9/10/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 317, Statutes of 2014.**Location:** 9/10/2014-A. CHAPTERED**Summary:** Would enact the Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 to provide that an employee who on or after July 1, 2015, works in California for 30 or more days within a year from the commencement of employment is entitled to paid sick days, to be accrued at a rate of no less than one hour for every 30 hours worked. An employee would be entitled to use accrued sick days beginning on the 90th day of employment. This bill contains other related provisions.**Position**

Oppose

[AB 1634](#) (Skinner D) Occupational safety and health: violations.**Status:** 9/20/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 497, Statutes of 2014.**Location:** 9/20/2014-A. CHAPTERED**Summary:** Would prohibit the Division of Occupational Safety and Health from granting, for serious violations, a proposed modification to civil penalties for abatement or credit for abatement unless the employer has abated the violation, as specified, or has submitted a statement to the division in accordance with existing law, and would additionally require supporting evidence with the statement where necessary. The bill would authorize the division to grant such a modification only if the violation has been abated, as specified, or the signed statement and supporting evidence is received within 10 working days after the end of the period fixed for abatement.**Position**

Oppose

[AB 1897](#) (Hernández, Roger D) Labor contracting: client liability.**Status:** 9/28/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 728, Statutes of 2014.**Location:** 9/28/2014-A. CHAPTERED**Summary:** Would require a client employer to share with a labor contractor all civil legal responsibility and civil liability for all workers supplied by that labor contractor for the payment of wages and the failure to obtain valid workers' compensation coverage. The bill would prohibit a client employer from shifting to the labor contractor legal duties or liabilities under workplace safety provisions with respect to workers provided by the labor contractor. The bill would define a client employer as a business entity that obtains or is provided workers to perform labor within the usual course of business from a labor contractor, except as specified.**Position**

Oppose

[AB 2030](#) (Campos D) Employees: time off.**Status:** 5/2/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was L. & E. on 3/3/2014)**Location:** 5/2/2014-A. DEAD**Summary:** Would prohibit such an employer from discharging or discriminating against an employee taking time off, within those defined limitations, without loss of pay. The bill would prohibit an employee from being required to use existing vacation, personal leave, or compensatory time off for those purposes, unless otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement entered into before January 1, 2015, and in effect on that date, or from being required to use time off without pay for those purposes. The bill would prohibit the entitlement of any employee under those provisions from being diminished by any collective bargaining agreement term or condition that is agreed to on or after January 1, 2015.**Position**

Oppose

[AB 2271](#) (Calderon, Ian D) Employment: discrimination: status as unemployed.

Status: 9/17/2014-Vetoed by the Governor

Location: 9/17/2014-A. VETOED

Summary: Current law contains provisions that define unlawful discrimination and employment practices by employers and employment agencies. This bill would, beginning July 1, 2015, make it unlawful, unless based on a bona fide occupational qualification for an employer, an employment agency, or a person who operates an Internet Web site for posting jobs in this state to publish an advertisement or announcement for any job that includes an indication that current employment is a requirement, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.

Position

Watch

AB 2416 (Stone D) Liens: laborers and employees.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 8/30/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would enact the California Wage Theft Recovery Act to authorize specified employees to request that the Labor Commissioner record, on his or her behalf, a wage lien upon real and personal property of an employer, or a property owner, as specified, for unpaid wages and other compensation owed the employee, and certain other penalties, interest, and costs. The bill would prescribe requirements relating to the recording and enforcement of the wage lien and for its extinguishment and removal.

Position

Oppose

SB 477 (Steinberg D) Foreign labor contractors: registration.

Status: 9/28/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 711, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 9/28/2014-S. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would change the definition of a foreign labor contractor to mean a person who performs foreign labor contracting activity, as defined. The bill, on and after July 1, 2016, would require a foreign labor contractor to register with the Labor Commissioner and would impose certain conditions for registration, including payment of specified fees. The bill would require the commissioner to enforce and administer the registration and supervision of foreign labor contractors, and would authorize the commissioner to adopt regulations or policies and procedures to implement these provisions.

Position

TBD

SB 935 (Leno D) Minimum wage: annual adjustment.

Status: 6/27/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. L. & E. on 6/26/2014)

Location: 6/27/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Would increase the minimum wage, on and after January 1, 2015, to not less than \$11 per hour, on and after January 1, 2016, to not less than \$12 per hour, and on and after January 1, 2017, to not less than \$13 per hour. The bill would require the automatic adjustment of the minimum wage annually thereafter, to maintain employee purchasing power diminished by the rate of inflation during the previous year.

Position

Oppose

SB 1188 (Jackson D) Consumers Legal Remedies Act: material facts.

Status: 6/27/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. JUD. on 6/5/2014)

Location: 6/27/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current case law had held the Consumers Legal Remedies Act to encompass omissions, including the omission of a material fact a person was obliged to disclose. This bill, for the purposes of the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, would provide that fraud or deceit may consist of the suppression or omission of a material fact by one who is bound to disclose it or who gives information of other facts that are likely to mislead for want of communication of that fact, and would provide that a fact is material if a reasonable person would attach importance to its existence or nonexistence in determining a choice of action in the transaction in question.

Position

Watch

SB 1360 (Padilla D) Compensation: rest or recovery periods.

Status: 6/28/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 72, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 6/28/2014-S. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current wage orders of the IWC require that a rest period be counted as hours worked, for

which there shall be no deduction from wages. This bill would provide that a rest or recovery period mandated pursuant to a state law, including, but not limited to, an applicable statute, or applicable regulation, standard, or order of the IWC, the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board, or the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, shall be counted as hours worked, for which there shall be no deduction from wages. The bill would declare that provision to be declaratory of existing law.

Position

Watch

Solid Waste

[AB 1826](#) (Chesbro D) Solid waste: organic waste.

Status: 9/28/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 727, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 9/28/2014-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would , commencing April 1, 2016, require a business that generates a specified amount of organic waste per week to arrange for recycling services for that organic waste in a specified manner. The bill would decrease the amount of organic waste under which a business would be subject to those requirements from 8 cubic yards or more to 4 cubic yards or more on January 1, 2017. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Watch

[AB 1846](#) (Gordon D) Beverage containers: enforcement.

Status: 9/26/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 597, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 9/26/2014-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law prohibits a certified recycling center or processor from paying any refund values, processing payments, or administrative fees on, or making claims on, empty beverage containers that the certified recycling center or processor knew or should have known were coming from out of state, or from making claims on beverage containers that the certified recycling center or processor knew, or should have known, were received from a noncertified recycler. The bill would extend these prohibitions to beverage containers that the certified recycling center or processor knew, or should have known, are otherwise ineligible for redemption.

Position

Watch

Water

[AB 474](#) (Stone D) California Coastal Commission: ex parte communications: disclosure forms.

Status: 7/16/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 125, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 7/16/2014-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: The California Coastal Act of 1976 requires the California Coastal Commission to adopt standard disclosure forms for reporting ex parte communications that include specified information relating to the date, time, and location of the communication, the identity of the person or persons initiating and the person receiving the communication, and a complete description of the content of the communication. This bill would revise the information to be included in those standard disclosure forms to also include the identity of the person on whose behalf the communication was made, the identity of all persons present during the communication, and a complete, comprehensive description of the content of the ex parte communication, including a complete set of all text and graphic material that was part of the communication.

Position

Watch

[AB 793](#) (Gray D) San Joaquin Valley Groundwater Conservancy.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 6/30/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law authorizes various conservancies to acquire, manage, direct the management of, and conserve public lands in the state. This bill would establish the San Joaquin Valley Groundwater Conservancy, to undertake various activities related to the San Joaquin Valley, as defined, and would prescribe the management, powers, and duties of the conservancy. The bill would create the San Joaquin Valley Groundwater Conservancy Fund in the State Treasury. Moneys in the fund would be available, upon appropriation, for the purposes of the conservancy.

Position

- [AB 1043](#) (Chau D) Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006: groundwater contamination.**
Status: 9/16/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 349, Statutes of 2014.
Location: 9/16/2014-A. CHAPTERED
Summary: Current law requires the State Department of Public Health, in collaboration with the Department of Toxic Substances Control, and the State Water Resources Control Board, to develop and adopt regulations governing the repayment of costs that are subsequently recovered from parties responsible for the contamination of groundwater. This bill would eliminate the requirement to develop and adopt regulations and instead would require that costs subsequently recovered from a party responsible for the contamination, as defined, be repaid to the state board and deposited, and separately accounted for, in the Groundwater Contamination Cleanup Project Fund, which this bill would create in the State Treasury.
- Position**
TBD
- [AB 1249](#) (Salas D) Integrated regional water management plans: nitrate, arsenic, perchlorate, or hexavalent chromium contamination.**
Status: 9/28/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 717, Statutes of 2014.
Location: 9/28/2014-A. CHAPTERED
Summary: The the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006 requires that eligible projects implement integrated regional water management plans that meet specified criteria and requires the Department of Water Resources to give preference to certain proposals. This bill would make the guidelines applicable to all funds that are or may become available for integrated regional water management plan implementation.
- Position**
Watch
- [AB 1349](#) (Gatto D) CalConserve Water Use Efficiency Revolving Fund.**
Status: 2/3/2014-From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.
Location: 1/31/2014-A. DEAD
Summary: Would establish the CalConserve Water Use Efficiency Revolving Fund administered by the Department of Water Resources and would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund, without regard to fiscal year, to the department, for the purpose of water use efficiency projects. This bill would require moneys in the fund to be used for purposes that include, but are not limited to, at-or-below market interest rate loans and would permit the department to enter into agreements with local governments or investor-owned utilities that provide water or recycled water service to provide loans.
- Position**
TBD
- [AB 1434](#) (Yamada D) Low-Income Water Rate Assistance Program.**
Status: 8/15/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(14). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/14/2014)
Location: 8/15/2014-S. DEAD
Summary: Would require the Department of Community Services and Development, no later than January 1, 2016, in collaboration with the State Board of Equalization and relevant stakeholders, to develop a plan for the funding and implementation of the Low-Income Water Rate Assistance Program, which includes specified elements. This bill contains other existing laws.
- Position**
Watch
- [AB 1739](#) (Dickinson D) Groundwater management.**
Status: 9/16/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 347, Statutes of 2014.
Location: 9/16/2014-A. CHAPTERED
Summary: Would provide specific authority to a groundwater sustainability agency, as defined in SB 1168 of the 2013-14 Regular Session, to impose certain fees. The bill would authorize the Department of Water Resources or a groundwater sustainability agency to provide technical assistance to entities that extract or use groundwater to promote water conservation and protect groundwater resources. This bill would require the department, by January 1, 2017, to publish on its Internet Web site best management practices for the sustainable management of groundwater.
- Position**
Oppose
- [AB 2701](#) (Gonzalez D) Groundwater basins: investigation and report.**
Status: 5/9/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was PRINT on 2/21/2014)

Location: 5/9/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources, in conjunction with other public agencies, to conduct an investigation of the state's groundwater basins and to report its findings to the Governor and the Legislature not later than January 1, 2012, and thereafter in years ending in 5 or 0. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change in these provisions.

Position
Watch

SB 1168 (Pavley D) Groundwater management.

Status: 9/16/2014-Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 346, Statutes of 2014.

Location: 9/16/2014-S. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would state the policy of the state that groundwater resources be managed sustainably for long-term reliability and multiple economic, social, and environmental benefits for current and future beneficial uses. This bill would state that sustainable groundwater management is best achieved locally through the development, implementation, and updating of plans and programs based on the best available science. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position
Oppose

Water Bond

AB 1331 (Rendon D) Clean, Safe, and Reliable Drinking Water Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. RLS. on 6/18/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: (1) Current law, the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position
Watch

AB 1445 (Logue R) California Water Infrastructure Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was A. W.,P. & W. on 2/18/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law creates the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position
Watch

AB 1674 (Bigelow R) Vended water.

Status: 5/9/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 4/1/2014)

Location: 5/9/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires water-vending machines to be designed to reduce or remove turbidity, off-tastes, and odors, to provide disinfection treatment, and to use processes for dissolved solids reduction or removal. Existing law defines "water-vending machine" for those purposes. This bill would exempt a water-vending machine from the requirements described above if the drinking water vended by the machine derives from a groundwater basin that does not exceed the maximum contaminant levels.

Position
Watch

AB 2043 (Bigelow R) Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/7/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: The Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions.

Position

Watch

AB 2686 (Perea D) Clean, Safe, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/7/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law, the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position

Watch

SB 40 (Pavley D) Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012.

Status: 2/3/2014-Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.

Location: 2/3/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would change the name of the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012 to the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014 and declare the intent of the Legislature to amend the act for the purpose of reducing and potentially refocusing the \$11,140,000,000 bond. This bill contains other related provisions.

Position

Watch

SB 848 (Wolk D) Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality, and Water Supply Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 8/18/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law creates the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position

Watch

SB 927 (Cannella R) Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. N.R. & W. on 2/6/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Would rename the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012 as the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014 and make conforming changes. The bill would instead authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$9,217,000,000 by reducing the amount available for projects related to drought relief and water supply reliability, as specified. The bill would remove the authorization for funds to be available for ecosystem and watershed protection and restoration projects, and would increase the amount of funds available for emergency and urgent actions to ensure safe drinking water supplies in disadvantaged communities and economically distressed areas.

Position

Watch

SB 1013 (Vidak R) Clean, Safe, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. RLS. on 8/7/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law, the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability

program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position

Watch

[SB 1080](#) (Fuller R) Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012.

Status: 5/9/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was RLS. on 2/27/2014)

Location: 5/9/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law creates the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reduce the \$11,140,000,000 bond.

Position

Watch

[SB 1250](#) (Hueso D) Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was S. N.R. & W. on 5/7/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law creates the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position

Watch

[SB 1370](#) (Galgiani D) Reliable Water Supply Bond Act of 2014.

Status: 8/31/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(17). (Last location was A. NAT. RES. on 4/8/2014)

Location: 8/31/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law creates the Safe, Clean, and Reliable Drinking Water Supply Act of 2012, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$11,140,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a safe drinking water and water supply reliability program. Current law provides for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election. This bill would repeal these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

Position

Watch

Weights & Measures

[AB 2589](#) (Bloom D) Weights and measures: county sealers: county ordinance: annual registration fee.

Status: 5/30/2014-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(11). (Last location was A. INACTIVE FILE on 5/28/2014)

Location: 5/30/2014-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires a county sealer to weigh and measure packages, containers, or amounts of commodities sold, or in the process of delivery, in order to determine whether they contain the quantity or amount represented and whether they are being sold in accordance with law. In order to recover the actual costs of carrying out these provisions, this bill would authorize a county board of supervisors to charge an annual registration fee, not to exceed \$640.

Position

Oppose

Total Measures: 58

Total Tracking Forms: 58