

Nov. RevPAR Monitor: Dec '19 & 2020 group looking decent

But hotels still can't hold ADR for other customers. Our RevPAR forecasts u/c.

Based on the forward-looking observations in our RevPAR data analytics lab combined with conversations with private hotel owners over the past six weeks, we continue to observed areas of <u>relative</u> strength and weakness. Strength is with group bookings and from industry-wide occupancy "holding in there" at around flat to -1%. Weakness is coming from hotels' inability to maintain room rate integrity as arrival dates get closer for transient (business + leisure) customers. Combining these two strengths and weaknesses, a huge wildcard for 2020 will be hotels' success or failure to use the strong initial group base as a buffer to push transient ADRs higher. We believe it is not impossible but unlikely hotels will be able to do so in the current supply/demand environment.

As we look out over the next six months, we see individual business travel RevPAR tracking approx. -1%, leisure somewhat better at approx. +0.5%, and group, as to be expected late-cycle outperforming at approx. +2.5% (if investors are more comfortable with Ryman's (RHP, Hold) sector-high valuation multiple and historically high valuation spread with Host (HST, Hold) than we are, RHP would be preferred in this scenario). Per discussions with clients over the past several weeks, investors are trying to figure out when to re-enter lodging. Barring a large tariff deal or major infrastructure bill, neither of which we envision happening anytime soon, it is difficult to find a demand catalyst for the sector in the near-to-mid-term.

We reiterate our 4Q19 RevPAR forecast for full-service branded US hotels at flat to +2% and 2020 at -1% to +1%. In 2020 we believe the industry is on track to see approx. 100bps. lower RevPAR growth than in 2019. We do not believe these ranges significantly differ from most investors' expectations at this moment.

We are introducing a 1Q20 RevPAR forecast of +0-2%. As detailed further in this report, March (and April) have very strong levels of group business on the books, partly from a very easy y/y extended spring break/ Easter comp. While group RevPAR for 2Q20 is actually tracking +4.5-6.5% at the moment, the trend line for holding this lever of RevPAR growth has not been positive as the range has dropped by approx. 200bps over the past two months. Additionally, transient business trends continue to show weakness and when we put these two segments together and assume recent trends of deceleration continue, we believe +0-2% is a reasonable range to expect at the end of the day. Companies will not give 1Q20 RevPAR guidance until February/March.

C. Patrick Scholes
212-319-3915
patrick.scholes@suntrust.com

Gregory J. Miller 212-303-4198 gregory.j.miller@suntrust.com

Kevin Robinson 617-345-6544 kevin.robinson@suntrust.com

What's Inside

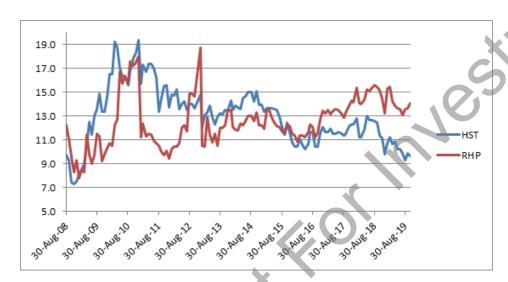
An analysis of last month's global lodging results and our forecasts for the months and quarters ahead



For the most part in the above scenarios, it is difficult to get excited about lodging stocks in general but not much screams "pound-the-table short" either, especially as nothing in our checks indicates RevPAR growth is suddenly "falling out of bed". We see more interesting stories in Vacation Ownership (Marriott Vacations (VAC, Buy) & Wyndham Destinations (WYND, Buy) and Cruise lines (Norwegian (NCLH, Buy) & Royal Caribbean (RCL, Buy) at the moment. While much of what we stated on the first page of this report is a negative for hotel REITS as costs are growing faster than those RevPAR ranges, there are several positives:

- The good news for the hotel REITS, is that we do not see much risk for valuation multiples to significantly contract from current levels; however, we continue to believe there will be gradual cuts to consensus estimates over the next year and 2021 same-store earnings will be lower than 2020's. Other positives in our opinion:
 - Attractive dividend yields. Most hotel REITS are paying out a 4-8% annualized yield and with a few exceptions, we do not see the pay-out ratios
 as particularly stretched.
 - O The strongest balance sheets in the history of the hotel REIT sector for HST and Sunstone (SHO, Hold).
 - A relatively strong late-cycle group/convention RevPAR growth environment for RHP (and to a lesser degree other companies) combined with impressive 2020 bookings at their new Colorado property. As mentioned previously, if investors are more comfortable with RHP's sector-high valuation multiple, historically high valuation spread with HST, and above average financial leverage than we are, RHP would be preferred in this scenario.

1-year forward historical multiple of EBITDA on where HST and RHP have traded



Source: STRH research, FactSet

As we discussed in past several months, the challenge right now is holding onto ADR growth (or as we say in the industry, "rate integrity") for transient (business & leisure) customers and this negative trend has continued. When we look out 4-12 months, we observe room reservations being made at +1-3% y/y ADR increases. However, as arrival dates get closer (and when the vast majority of business transient bookings are made) that y/y growth rate turns negative and final ADR results for the week/month average out to around flat.



• In previous research we discussed possible reasons why occupancy is holding fairly steady at historically peak levels but hotels cannot seem to push ADR growth. Besides our belief that hotel manager incentives around keeping occupancy high in order to receive the largest reimbursement for hotel stays paid with loyalty points is a major contributor to this problem, based on conversation with large hotel asset managers we also believe hotel room rebooking tools contribute to the issue, amongst other factors. These apps and websites, such as Pruvo, assist travelers in automatically rebooking a hotel room if price drops are identified.

As we look into 2020, <u>city-wide group bookings</u> are relatively strong which we believe to be driven by an easy y/y Easter comp combined with overall better city-wide convention calendars for the year. It is not atypical to see Group business outperforming other customer segments late in a cycle. Based on Cvent data, the outlook for <u>2020 corporate group bookings</u> is much softer than for city-wide group bookings. We note from our contacts at Cvent (they are involved in about one-third of corporate group bookings in the US) that bookings are fairly flattish over the next four quarters, evidenced in various indicators such as shorter durations of stays, a slightly contracting booking window, and average size of the room block (flat to slightly down), etc. For corporate groups, demand is not keeping up with supply and because of this group is very competitive and now we are seeing a share grab. We believe this will eventually lead to rate discounting.

- Overall negatives for 2020 besides the unfavorable trend of gradually decelerating demand and pricing power for individual business travelers include another year of +2.5% supply growth (closer to +3% in urban markets), the 2020 presidential election (uncertainty causes hesitation), and a difficult holiday shift y/y comp in December.
- As we look out into 2021, city-wide group business continues to look soft, and even more so when factoring another two years of supply growth between now and then. We attribute this softness to hesitation by corporations and meeting planners to make future commitments due to uncertainty around the economy and trade wars; we believe such uncertainty is similar to the reasons for weakness in nonresidential fixed investments (EPI). As 2022 city-wide group business strengthens from 2021, it is quite possible 4Q21 could be the trough for RevPAR growth.

Recession watch: The trailing 3 month average for US RevPAR dipped negative for the first time this cycle. Trailing 3 month RevPAR growth turning negative has always been associated with a recession (at least since reliable RevPAR data was made available in 1987). Following the weak results in October, T3M is currently -0.5% vs. +0.6% last month. That said, it is entirely possible this figure may return to slightly positive in December as this month, and to a lesser degree November, will be the strongest months of the quarter (ergo why we are not making a big deal about this figure turning negative just yet). As discussed previously and further in this report, strong city-wide convention calendars next year may prevent the T3M from going and staying negative in 2020 (assuming no major attrition or cancellations), however, 2021 looks to be a difficult year for US group business and the industry will not have the backstop of relatively strong group business in 2021.

- To be clear, T3M RevPAR growth turning negative by itself is not a predictor of recessions as when it does turn negative we can already be well into a recession:
 - O November 1990, the fifth month into that recession the metric turned negative;
 - o May 2001, the third month into that recession the metric turned negative; and
 - Aug 2008, the ninth month into that recession the metric turned negative.
 - For the definition of a recession, we use the National Bureau of Economic Research's (NBER) definition. The NBER defines a recession as "a significant decline in economic activity spread across the economy, lasting more than two quarters which is 6 months, normally visible in real gross domestic product (GDP), real income, employment, industrial production, and wholesale-retail sales".



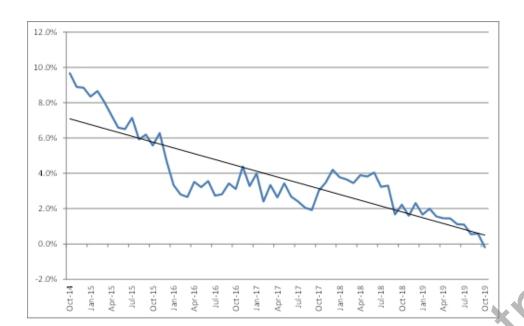


Table 2

		Quarterly Tracking		
	4Q19	2019E	1Q20	2020E
	Overall	Overall forecast	Overall	Overall forecast
Oct-19	+0-2%	+0-2%	+0-2%	-1% to +1%
Aug-19	+0-2%	+0-2%		-1% to +1%
Jul-19	+0-2%	+0-2%		-1% to +1%
Jun-19	+0-2%	+0-2%		-1% to +1%
Mar-19		+0-2%		
Feb-19		+0-2%		
Dec-18		+0.5-2.5%		
Oct-18		+1-3%		
Aug-18		+1-3%		
Jul-18		+1-3%		

Source: STRH Research

Looking at our most recent forward-looking demand and pricing observations for full-service US branded hotels:

- 4Q19: Our expectations by month:
 - October: Hurt by the timing of Yom Kippur. The month finished down approx. -2.3% in RevPAR growth for US full-service branded hotels.
 - O November: The timing of Thanksgiving is a week later this year, on the 28th vs. the 22nd last year and subsequently there are three business travel weeks in November of this year before Thanksgiving vs. only two last year. While difficult to precisely forecast the RevPAR impact of this extra week, we believe it to be a slight positive for the month and see RevPAR flat to up low-single digits.
 - December: Looks to be an interesting month because of what appears to be a positive impact of Christmas and New Year's Day moving to a Wednesday
 from a Tuesday last year. Group business in December looks surprisingly strong. We expect the month to be the strongest of the quarter and finish up
 low-single digits in RevPAR growth.
- 1Q20: Our expectations by month:
 - January: Clean comp month. January gains a Friday and loses a Tuesday, which we will be an approx. 50bps headwindto RevPAR growth. We expect
 the month to finish flat to +2%.
 - February: Clean comp month. February gains a Saturday (extra day for leap year), perhaps a 30bps tailwind to RevPAR growth. We expect the month to finish flat to +2%.
 - March: Group business looks particularly strong. The month gains a Monday and a Tuesday and loses a Friday and a Saturday, the neteffect being an approx. 30bps headwind to RevPAR growth. Passover starting April 8th may give a small boost to the last two days of March. We expect the month to finish up low-single digits.

Table 3

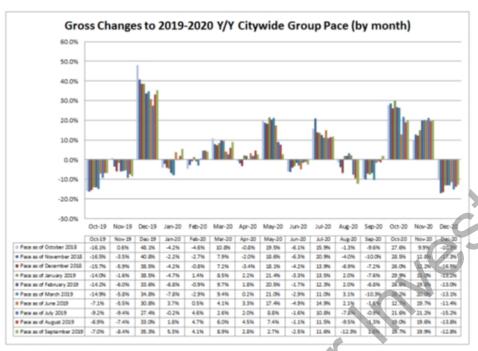


Page 6 of 23



Examining the forward-looking group/convention trends: On the surface, we would describe headline forward looking trends for 2019 and especially for 2020 as "decent". However, over the next several years urban hotels will see approx. 3% new supply growth annually and those headline "gross demand" growth rates will be diluted on a "same-store" basis by this new supply.

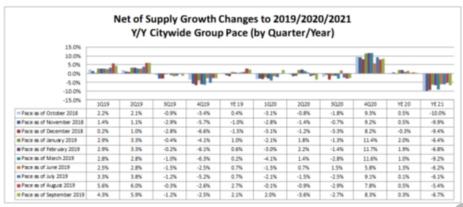
Table 4





However, when we add approx. 3% of annual urban hotel supply (compounded) over the next several years, the same store projection looks less encouraging:

Table 5

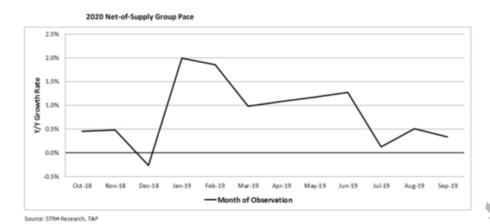


Source: STRH Research, TAP

Sources: SunTrust Research, TAP

• 2020: Our net-of-supply group pace for 2020 is +0.3%. To this we add approx. 2 percentage points of rate growth to come up with a projection that same-store Group RevPAR is tracking at approx. +2-2.5% y/y for 2020 at the moment, with approx. 60% of final group reservations on the books.

Table 6



• 2021: Our net-of-supply group pace for 2020 is -6.7%. To this we add approx. 2 percentage points of rate growth to come up with a projection that same-store Group RevPAR is tracking at approx. -4.5% y/y for 2021 at the moment, with approx. 25% of final group reservations on the books.

Table 7

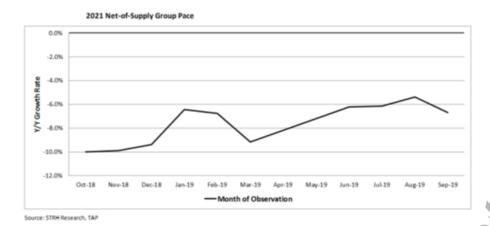




Table 8

	Segmentation By Co	mpany	
	Transient Corporate	Transient Leisure	Group
DRH	45%	20%	35%
HST	45%	15%	40%
PEB	50%	25%	25%
PK	45%	20%	35%
RHP	5%	25%	70%
RLJ	55%	25%	20%
SHO	45%	20%	35%
C-corps	Transient Corporate	Transient Leisure	Group
CHH	45%	45%	10%
Н	40%	20%	40%
HLT	50%	20%	30%
MAR	45%	20%	35%
WH	45%	45%	10%

Source: STRH Research, company filings



Major Markets:

2020 looks like a solid city-wide convention calendar for several major cities, most notably Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles, and Washington DC. San Francisco, which had the best 2019 group result of the major markets, faces a difficult y/y comparison in 2020.

Ranking the big six major US markets for 2020. Group/meeting bookings are the best way to think about market outperformance/underperformance for time periods more than 90 days out. A healthy (or weak) convention calendar really drives city performance (with the notable exception of NYC as that is mostly a transient market). Based on initial group/convention bookings, we lump the top six markets into three buckets:

1Q20:

- 1. Above average: Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles
- 2. Average: New York City
- 3. Below average: San Francisco, Washington DC

2020:

- 1. Above average: Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles, Washington DC
- 2. Average: New York City
- 3. Below average: San Francisco



Additional color on the big six:

Boston:

1Q20: Above average 2020: Above average

Table 9

Est exposure	to Boston mar	ket					
	DRH	HST	PEB	PK	RHP	RLJ	SHO
Boston	15%	6%	16%	5%	0%	3%	16%
Rank	3	4	1	5	7	6	1
Note: Est. exp	osures include s	surrounding	areas				
Source: STRH	Research, Con	npany data					



Chicago:

1Q20: Above average 2020: Above average

Tables 10-11

	Group/c	onventio	n outloo	k for Chi	cago						
Pace as of	1019E	2Q19E	3Q19E	4Q19E	YE 19	1Q20E	2Q20E	3Q20E	4Q20E	YE 20	YE 21
Sep-19	-22.3%	6.7%	-4.1%	-14.2%	-6.6%	60.4%	12.9%	-15.4%	-9.2%	7.2%	6.2%
Aug-19	-22.3%	6.6%	-4.1%	-16.4%	-7.2%	25.8%	12.7%	-10.6%	-7.6%	4.2%	6.4%
Jul-19	-22.3%	6.6%	-2.9%	-16.7%	-7.0%	24.5%	13.0%	-9.7%	-7.7%	4.3%	7.0%
Jun-19	-22.4%	6.1%	-2.0%	-17.4%	-7.2%	25.3%	12.3%	-5.2%	4.1%	6.2%	7.3%
Mar-19	-22.8%	6.0%	2.1%	-17.8%	-6.8%	31.6%	17.6%	-2.4%	-2.2%	10.1%	10.3%
Feb-19	-23.8%	6.0%	2.1%	-16.4%	-6.6%	33.0%	17.9%	-2.4%	-4.1%	9.7%	9.4%
Jan-19	-25.2%	-2.8%	2.1%	-16.8%	-9.7%	33.4%	19.1%	-3.6%	3.2%	11.7%	8.3%
Dec-18	-30.0%	-10.0%	-5.1%	-18.3%	-14.8%	24.7%	21.8%	-6.9%	-0.1%	9.5%	10.7%
Nov-18	-31.1%	-9.2%	-5.6%	-18.3%	-14.8%	27.7%	20.0%	2.4%	2.8%	12.3%	11.2%
Oct-18	-32.4%	-7.9%	-7.7%	-18.2%	-15.0%	19.3%	27.3%	-1.0%	2.7%	13.1%	6.8%

Est exposure to	Chicago ma	rket					
	DRH	HST	PEB	PK	RHP	RLJ	SHO
Chicago	14%	4%	5%	5%	0%	4%	6%
Rank	1	5	3	3	7	5	2
Note: Est. expos	ures include :	surrounding	g areas				
Source: STRH R	esearch, Con	npany data					



Los Angeles:

1Q20: Above average 2020: Above average

Tables 12-13

	Group/convention outlook for Los Angeles												
Pace as of	1Q19E	2Q19E	3Q19E	4Q19E	YE 19	1Q20E	2Q20E	3Q20E	4Q20E	YE 20	YE 21		
Sep-19	-1.3%	4.9%	-11.9%	9.8%	0.2%	27.1%	18.3%	49.8%	35.4%	29.8%	5.9%		
Aug-19	-1.3%	4.9%	-11.6%	8.4%	0.0%	23.0%	17.8%	61.3%	32.3%	29.8%	3.6%		
Jul-19	-1.3%	4.7%	-12.6%	7.8%	-0.3%	17.5%	23.0%	63.6%	33.2%	30.4%	1.0%		
Jun-19	-1.3%	4.3%	-16.1%	17.4%	0.2%	28.3%	15.2%	55.7%	37.2%	30.5%	-3.2%		
Mar-19	-4.0%	-3.1%	-17.1%	7.7%	-4.6%	-1.2%	21.4%	54.2%	28.4%	23.1%	-21.1%		
Feb-19	-4.1%	-3.6%	-16.2%	7.7%	-4.7%	-1.2%	22.4%	52.0%	28.5%	23.0%	-21.1%		
Jan-19	-4.9%	0.0%	-17.4%	10.4%	-3.7%	-1.9%	23.4%	50.0%	29.5%	23.0%	-20.1%		
Dec-18	-12.3%	8.3%	-16.8%	20.4%	-2.3%	-8.6%	19.8%	48.7%	17.9%	17.6%	-23.6%		
Nov-18	-15.4%	6.8%	-19.3%	21.0%	-4.2%	-6.8%	10.6%	50.3%	20.0%	16.1%	-26.1%		
Oct-18	-27.6%	-1.3%	-31.3%	7.6%	-15.5%	-21.1%	9.6%	48.4%	-0.9%	6.9%	-21.4%		

Est exposure to	I Δ market						
Lot exposure to	DRH	HST	PEB	PK	RHP	RLJ	SHO
LA	2%	5%	12%	2%	0%	6%	6%
Rank	5	4	1		7	2	2
Note: Est. expos	sures include s	surroundin	g areas				
Source: STRH R	Research, Com	pany data					



NYC

1Q20: Average 2020: Average

A major headwind to same store RevPAR growth in NYC remains several years of compounded 4-6% new supply growth. Per Lodging Econometrics, city-wide new room supply grew 5.1% in 2016, 4.9% in 2017, 3.4% in 2018, and is projected to grow 5.7% in 2019, 6.6% in 2020, and 2.9% in 2021. Even if some of these expected new hotels never open, it is difficult to envision that NYC will not have continued pressure from above-average supply over the next several years. **We believe RevPAR growth in NYC will be down low-single digits in 2020.**

Table 14

Est exposure	to NYC market						
-	DRH	HST	PEB	PK	RHP	RLJ	SHO
NYC	11%	8%	1%	6%	0%	6%	4%
Rank	1	2	6	3	7	3	5
Note: Est. exp	osures include :	surrounding	areas				
Source: STRH	Research Con	nany data					-C



San Francisco:

1Q20: Below average 2020: Below average

Table 15

	Group/	convent	ion outle	ook for S	San Fran	cisco					
Pace as of	1Q19E	2Q19E	3Q19E	4Q19E	YE19	1Q20E	2Q20E	3Q20E	4Q20E	YE20	YE21
Sep-19	72.7%	47.7%	0.8%	54.6%	41.8%	-26.2%	-3.5%	-7.4%	-13.9%	-13.8%	-3.9%
Aug-19	72.7%	47.8%	0.8%	55.1%	42.0%	-24.6%	-3.4%	-7.4%	-14.5%	-13.4%	0.8%
Jul-19	72.7%	47.8%	1.5%	54.4%	42.2%	-24.7%	11.5%	-7.4%	-14.2%	-9.8%	-3.6%
Jun-19	72.7%	48.4%	-0.5%	57.1%	42.6%	-25.4%	10.4%	-9.7%	-11.7%	-10.1%	-0.5%
Mar-19	71.2%	51.5%	8.4%	74.1%	49.6%	-29.0%	12.6%	-12.9%	-8.9%	-10.9%	0.4%
Feb-19	71.2%	51.4%	8.4%	74.1%	49.6%	-28.9%	7.3%	-12.9%	-8.9%	-12.0%	0.4%
Jan-19	82.0%	53.9%	7.4%	76.3%	52.6%	-28.4%	23.5%	-13.0%	-8.9%	-9.2%	6.9%
Dec-18	85.9%	50.1%	8.4%	75.7%	52.6%	-29.8%	32.0%	-15.4%	-10.1%	-9.0%	-9.5%
Nov-18	86.9%	52.6%	8.2%	75.9%	53.5%	-30.5%	36.5%	-15.1%	-10.2%	-8.4%	-2.7%
Oct-18	90.4%	57.9%	14.7%	76.0%	58.0%	-28.0%	37.9%	-15.1%	-10.1%	-7.2%	-2.5%

Table 16

Est exposure to S	SF market						
	DRH	HST	PEB	PK	RHP	RLJ	SHO
San Francisco	4%	10%	20%	14%	0%	13%	10%
Rank	6	4	1	2	7	3	4
Note: Est. exposu	res include s	surrounding	areas				
Source: STRH Re	search, Con	pany data					



Washington DC:

1Q20: Below average 2020: Above average

Tables 17-18

	Group/convention outlook for Washington, D.C.												
Pace as of	1Q19E	2Q19E	3Q19E	4Q19E	YE 19	1Q20E	2Q20E	3Q20E	4Q20E	YE 20	YE 21		
Sep-19	20.1%	-18.3%	6.9%	-4.5%	-1.7%	-15.8%	9.2%	38.2%	48.3%	14.6%	-3.9%		
Aug-19	31.7%	-18.9%	4.8%	-0.1%	1.2%	-26.8%	12.1%	35.5%	61.9%	12.3%	-2.4%		
Jul-19	31.7%	-20.4%	12.3%	0.4%	2.1%	-26.0%	15.3%	36.8%	59.8%	13.3%	-5.2%		
Jun-19	30.6%	-23.3%	0.8%	-0.7%	-1.8%	-31.3%	10.4%	48.4%	54.9%	10.9%	-6.3%		
Mar-19	18.3%	-25.8%	4.9%	-1.8%	-5.3%	-27.2%	2.8%	43.9%	58.5%	12.5%	-10.5%		
Feb-19	16.6%	-25.8%	4.9%	-0.7%	-5.5%	-26.0%	2.9%	43.9%	58.5%	13.1%	-10.5%		
Jan-19	18.6%	-25.6%	7.6%	3.5%	-3.8%	-25.6%	1.9%	46.7%	56.1%	13.2%	-11.3%		
Dec-18	20.6%	-28.7%	4.5%	3.0%	-5.7%	-25.8%	-0.8%	43.5%	56.4%	12.1%	-11.2%		
Nov-18	16.1%	-32.4%	10.7%	1.1%	-7.8%	-23.8%	-0.3%	49.3%	59.2%	14.6%	-6.8%		
Oct-18	19.5%	-31.7%	12.6%	2.6%	-6.3%	-22.4%	0.2%	53.1%	59.9%	16.1%	-6.3%		

Est exposure to l	DC market						
	DRH	HST	PEB	PK	RHP	RLJ	SHO
DC	4%	9%	7%	3%	16%	5%	10%
Rank	6	3	4	7	1	5	2
Note: Est. exposu	res include s	surroundin	o areas				
Source: STRH Re	search, Con	pany data					



Current expectations for Top 25 Market new supply:

Table 19

Supply By Top 25 Markets (Sorted by Pipeline Rooms Growth as % of Census) As of 2Q19								
	CensusRank	YE 2017 Growth Rate	YE 2018 Growth Rate	2019F Growth Rate	2020F Growth Rate	2021F Growth Rate		
Nashville, TN	21	4.3%	7.2%	7.2%	5.4%	6.8%		
Los Angeles, CA	6	4.2%	1.7%	1.3%	3.6%	3.4%		
New York, NY	3	4.9%	3.4%	6.9%	5.7%	3.0%		
Detroit, MI	23	3.2%	2.8%	3.1%	4.1%	4.7%		
Dallas, TX	8	5.8%	3.6%	4.1%	4.6%	5.2%		
Miami, FL	14	3.5%	2.6%	3.4%	2.3%	2.0%		
Denver, CO	16	5.6%	5.4%	3.3%	4.4%	4.0%		
Seattle, WA	18	4.4%	7.3%	2.3%	3.4%	2.4%		
Houston, TX	9	4.0%	3.0%	3.9%	2.3%	3.5%		
Atlanta, GA	7	1.7%	2.7%	2.3%	2.9%	2.8%		
Phoenix, AZ	10	2.9%	1.5%	2.6%	2.8%	2.8%		
Orlando, FL	2	0.8%	1.8%	2.1%	2.5%	2.0%		
Boston, MA	12	3.1%	3.8%	4.8%	2.5%	3.4%		
Philadelphia, P.A.	19	3.2%	2.2%	1.4%	4.7%	1.0%		
San Diego, CA	11	1.3%	2.2%	2.6%	0.5%	1.7%		
San Francisco, CA	15	1.8%	1.2%	2.4%	1.4%	1.2%		
Tampa, FL	17	4.0%	2.2%	1.7%	2.8%	5.1%		
Minneapolis, MN	22	1.8%	4.3%	3.0%	3.7%	2.4%		
Anaheim, CA	13	2.0%	1.0%	2.0%	2.1%	2.6%		
Saint Louis, M O	27	2.1%	2.0%	2.4%	1.9%	2.6%		
Washington, DC	5	2.0%	1.7%	1.2%	1.0%	1.3%		
San Antonio, TX	20	1.4%	2.0%	1.6%	2.3%	1.0%		
Chicago, IL	4	2.3%	2.1%	1.3%	1.0%	1.2%		
Nortik, VA	28	1.2%	0.0%	1.2%	1.3%	0.3%		
Oahu Island	38	0.6%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%		
Total Top 25 Markets		2.9%	2.6%	2.8%	2.8%	2.7%		

Source: Lodging Econometrics, STRH Research

Notes: The largest market in the U.S., Las Vegas, is not included in this chart due to its loss in prientation, 2019-2021 are forecasts.



Table 20

		RevPAR Guidance (4Q19 and FY 19)		
4Q19 C-Corps		<u>FY 19</u>	Notes	
СНН	-2% to flat	-1% to flat	Domestic RevPAR	
н		Approximately +0.5%	Comparable systemwide	
HLT	Roughly flat	Approximately +1%	Systemwide	
		In-line with systemwide guidance	US	
		Low single digit positive	Americas ex-US	
		Low single digit positive	Europe	
		Down low single digits	Middle East/Africa	
		Flat to slightly down; China down low single digits	Asia Pacific	
MAR	Roughly +1%	Roughly +1%	Worldwide	
	+0-1%	Roughly +1%	North America	
	Roughly +1%	Roughly +2%	Outside North America	
	Flat to down modestly (ex-Hong Kong: up low			
	single digits)		Asia Pacific	
	Up low single digits		Caribbean & Latin America	
	Up low to mid single digits		Europe	
	Down low single digits		Middle East/Africa	
PLYA		Low single digit decline	Comparable revenue systemwide	
WH		-1% to flat	Systemwide ex-2018 acquisitions/dispositions	
			until their anniversary dates	
REITS				
DRH		+0-0.75%		
HST		-1% to -0.25%		
PEB	+0-2%	+0.6-1.2%	Same-property	
PK		+1-2%		
RHP		+3.5-4.0%	Same-Store Hospitality RevPAR (ex-Rockies)	
RLI		+0-1%		
SHO	-1.5% to +0.5%	+1-2%		

Source: Company reports and conference calls; STRH Research



Companies Mentioned in This Note

Choice Hotels International, Inc. (CHH, \$95.33, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

DiamondRock Hospitality Company (DRH, \$10.22, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

Hyatt Hotels Corporation (H, \$79.79, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

Hilton Grand Vacations Inc. (HGV, \$34.79, Buy, C. Patrick Scholes)

Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc. (HLT, \$103.09, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (HST, \$17.14, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

Marriott International, Inc. (MAR, \$137.98, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

Pebblebrook Hotel Trust (PEB, \$25.75, Hold, Gregory Miller)

Park Hotels & Resorts Inc. (PK, \$22.90, Buy, C. Patrick Scholes)

Playa Hotels & Resorts N.V. (PLYA, \$7.24, Buy, C. Patrick Scholes)

Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. (RHP, \$89.41, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

RLJ Lodging Trust (RLJ, \$16.77, Sell, Gregory Miller)

Sunstone Hotel Investors, Inc. (SHO, \$13.95, Hold, C. Patrick Scholes)

Marriott Vacations Worldwide Corporation (VAC, \$121.89, Buy, C. Patrick Scholes)

Wyndham Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (WH, \$57.32, Buy, C. Patrick Scholes)

Wyndham Destinations, Inc. (WYND, \$48.34, Buy, C. Patrick Scholes)

Analyst Certification

I, C. Patrick Scholes, hereby certify that the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect my personal views about the subject company(ies) and its (their) securities. I also certify that I have not been, am not, and will not be receiving direct or indirect compensation in exchange for expressing the specific recommendation(s) in this report.

Required Disclosures

Analyst compensation is based upon stock price performance, quality of analysis, communication skills, and the overall revenue and profitability of the firm, including investment banking revenue.

As a matter of policy and practice, the firm prohibits the offering of favorable research, a specific research rating or a specific target price as consideration or inducement for the receipt of business or compensation. In addition, associated persons preparing research reports are prohibited from owning securities in the subject companies.

Charts indicating changes in ratings can be found in recent notes and/or reports at our website or by contacting SunTrust Robinson Humphrey. Please see our disclosures page for more complete information at https://suntrust.bluematrix.com/sellside/Disclosures.action.

STRH Ratings System for Equity Securities

Dissemination of Research

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey (STRH) seeks to make all reasonable efforts to provide research reports simultaneously to all eligible clients. Reports are available as published in the restricted access area of our website to all eligible clients who have requested a password. Institutional investors, corporates, and members of the Press may also receive our research via third party vendors including: Thomson Reuters, Bloomberg, FactSet, and S&P Capital IQ. Additional distribution may be done by sales personnel via email, fax, or other electronic means, or regular mail.

For access to third party vendors or our Research website: https://suntrustlibrary.bluematrix.com/client/library.jsp.



Please email the Research Department at mailto:STRHEquityResearchDepartment@suntrust.com or contact your STRH sales representative.

STRH Rating System for Equity Securities

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey (STRH) rates individual equities using a three-tiered system. Each stock is rated relative to the broader market (generally the S&P 500) over the next 12-18 months (unless otherwise indicated).

Buy (B) – the stock's total return is expected to outperform the S&P 500 or relevant benchmark over the next 12-18 months (unless otherwise indicated)

Hold (H) – the stock's total return is expected to perform in line with the S&P 500 or relevant benchmark over the next 12-18 months (unless otherwise indicated)

Sell (S) – the stock's total return is expected to underperform the S&P 500 or relevant benchmark over the next 12-18 months (unless otherwise indicated)

Not Rated (NR) - STRH does not have an investment rating or opinion on the stock

Coverage Suspended (CS) – indicates that STRH's rating and/or target price have been temporarily suspended due to applicable regulations and/or STRH Management discretion. The previously published rating and target price should not be relied upon.

STRH analysts have a price target on the stocks that they cover, unless otherwise indicated. The price target represents that analyst's expectation of where the stock will trade in the next 12-18 months (unless otherwise indicated). If an analyst believes that there are insufficient valuation drivers and/or investment catalysts to derive a positive or negative investment view, they may elect with the approval of STRH Research Management not to assign a target price; likewise certain stocks that trade under \$5 may exhibit volatility whereby assigning a price target would be unhelpful to making an investment decision. As such, with Research Management's approval, an analyst may refrain from assigning a target to a sub-\$5 stock.

Legend for Rating and Price Target History Charts:

B = Buy

H = Hold

S = Sell

D = Drop Coverage

CS = Coverage Suspended

NR = Not Rated

I = Initiate Coverage

T = Transfer Coverage

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey ratings distribution (as of 11/26/2019):

Coverage Universe	е		Investment Banking	Clients Past 1	2 Months
Rating	Count	Percent	Rating	Count	Percent
Buy	409	60.95%	Buy	113	27.63%
Hold	254	37.85%	Hold	39	15.35%
Sell	8	1.19%	Sell	1	12.50%



Other Disclosures

Information contained herein has been derived from sources believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy and does not purport to be a complete analysis of the security, company or industry involved. This report is not to be construed as an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security. SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. and/or its officers or employees may have positions in any securities, options, rights or warrants. The firm and/or associated persons may sell to or buy from customers on a principal basis. Investors may be prohibited in certain states from purchasing some overthe-counter securities mentioned herein. Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice.

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc.'s research is provided to and intended for use by Institutional Accounts as defined in FINRA Rule 4512(c). The term "Institutional Account" shall mean the account of: (1) a bank, savings and loan association, insurance company or registered investment company; (2) an investment adviser registered either with the SEC under Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act or with a state securities commission (or any agency or office performing like functions); or (3) any other person (whether a natural person, corporation, partnership, trust or otherwise) with total assets of at least \$50 million.

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. is a registered broker-dealer and a member of FINRA and SIPC. It is a service mark of SunTrust Banks, Inc. SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. is owned by SunTrust Banks, Inc. ("SunTrust") and affiliated with SunTrust Investment Services, Inc. Despite this affiliation, securities recommended, offered, sold by, or held at SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. and at SunTrust Investment Services, Inc. (i) are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; (ii) are not deposits or other obligations of any insured depository institution (including SunTrust Bank); and (iii) are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of the principal amount invested. SunTrust Bank may have a lending relationship with companies mentioned herein.

Please see our Disclosure Database to search by ticker or company name for the current required disclosures, including valuation and risks, Link: https://suntrust.bluematrix.com/sellside/Disclosures.action

Please visit the STRH equity research library for current reports and the analyst roster with contact information, Link (password protected): STRH RESEARCH LIBRARY

SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., member FINRA and SIPC. SunTrust and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey are service marks of SunTrust Banks, Inc.

If you no longer wish to receive this type of communication, please request removal by sending an email to STRHEquityResearchDepartment@SunTrust.com

© SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. 2019. All rights reserved. Reproduction or quotation in whole or part without permission is forbidden.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE at our website, www.suntrustrh.com, or by writing to:SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Research Department, 3333 Peachtree Road N.E., Atlanta, GA 30326-1070